

TWO U.S. WARSHIPS TO LEAVE TAMPICO

Orders Are Issued to Allay
Suspensions of Mexican
Government.

TO STAY WITHIN CALL

American Oil Companies
Still Producing, but
Storing Product.

HUGHES ANSWERS LABOR

Gompers Told Presence of Ves-
sels Has Nothing to Do With
Union Issue.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
New York Herald Bureau,
Washington, D. C., July 8.

Director of the Budget Daves, with the approval of the President, to-night issued an order for complete coordination of all Government purchases or sales, thus centralizing control on all contracts as a further move for economy.

Gen. Daves' order stated that his step is to "conserve to the utmost the expenditure of Government funds and save loss by deterring in large of surplus property now available for disposal by the several executive departments."

The Budget Bureau under the order will strike at the practice of Government departments bidding against one another in purchase of supplies, and put a stop to Government agencies which

erment, in defence of its own interests, has by means of special agents in the United States started an active campaign to pull the masks from the faces of these companies.

Secretary Calles is said to have referred to the complaints of oil companies which have already acquired pipe lines, roads and terminals causing hardships for smaller companies.

Additional Federal troops have been sent to the region of Tampico by the Mexican Government for the purpose of "giving guarantees to nationals and foreigners." This action was taken, although the forces regularly maintain arms and munitions where there is a serious situation arising because of unemployment, are deemed sufficient to deal with any emergency, a statement issued by Fernando Forrellana, private secretary to President Obregon.

**H. R. C. WATSON LEFT
\$160,000 FOR PUBLIC USE**

**New York Institutions Get
Bequests.**

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
Rutland, Vt., July 8.—Henry R. C. Watson, horse fancier and owner of a large stock farm at Brandon, Vt., who died in Paris a few weeks ago, made public bequests of about \$160,000 in his will, which was probated here to-day.

All but \$20,000 of this goes to New York City institutions. One of the executors is the Irving National Bank of New York. The largest public bequest is \$67,500 to the New York Protestant Episcopal Missionary Society. It gives \$21,250 to the Roosevelt Hospital for general corporate use and an additional \$5,000 to found the Henry R. C. Watson free memorial bed.

St. Luke's Hospital receives \$23,250 for current uses and \$7,500 for a memorial bed. The Chapel of the Incarnation in New York receives a bequest of \$5,000. The Episcopal Church in New York City receives \$5,000 and the Free Library \$2,000.

J. Leon Cazenave, his valet for twenty years, is to receive \$6,000 a year, the income of \$13,000 which the executor is to invest for him, and a house.

Sums ranging from \$5,000 to \$20,000 are bequeathed to various nephews and nieces. His godson, George E. Watson of New York, gets the residue of the estate.

**ROCKEFELLER BOARD
MAKES GIFT TO CZECHS**

**Part of Plan for Institute of
Public Hygiene.**

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, July 8.—The Rockefeller Foundation, it is officially announced, has given 27,000,000 crowns for the establishment in Czechoslovakia of a thoroughly modern institute of public hygiene.

Last Christmas the international health bureau of the Rockefeller Foundation announced that a co-operation programme in public health had been agreed upon with the Government of Czechoslovakia. It is believed unofficially that the gift just announced is part of the general plan then outlined.

This provides for lending to the Czechoslovak Government the services of an American competent in public health service, the establishment of a school of hygiene, the establishment of a Czech commission which visited the United States and England last year.

**OIL RIGHTS LEASED
IN NAVAL RESERVE**

**Successful Bidder Gives to
Navy 551-2 P. C. Production.**

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The Pan-American Petroleum Company to-day was awarded a lease by the Interior Department covering oil rights in naval reserve number 1, Kearns county, Cal.

The contract calls for the drilling of twenty-two wells, the successful bidder offering a royalty of 33 1/2 per cent of the production to the navy.

With the approval of the Interior Department the Pan-American Company will allow the United Midway Oil Company to take over after the expiration of the lease, which will be for a period of "adjustment" for certain claims the latter possessed in the district.

**EX-POLICEMAN SENT
TO PRISON FOR ROBBERY**

**Was Participant in Theft of
Goods From Train.**

HAMMONTON, N. J., July 8.—The sequel to a midnight battle with railroad thieves on a West Jersey and Seashore Railroad freight train two months ago came to-day when Judge Ingersoll sentenced Stanley McAllister, a former Branchtown police officer, to from one to seven years in State's prison. He pleaded guilty to robbing freight cars, George McAllister, a brother, was given a similar sentence. Joseph Dwyer, a member of the band, was given six months.

Nearly a hundred shots were fired when the train was stopped. The men saw goods thrown from the moving train and surrounded the men at the spot where the goods were thrown off.

DAWES STRIKES AT WASTE IN GOVERNMENT BUYING

Centralizes Control of Contracts to Produce Uniform
Prices and Orders All Advertising for Bids Sent
to Surplus Property Division.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
New York Herald Bureau,
Washington, D. C., July 8.

Director of the Budget Daves, with the approval of the President, to-night issued an order for complete coordination of all Government purchases or sales, thus centralizing control on all contracts as a further move for economy.

Gen. Daves' order stated that his step is to "conserve to the utmost the expenditure of Government funds and save loss by deterring in large of surplus property now available for disposal by the several executive departments."

The Budget Bureau under the order will strike at the practice of Government departments bidding against one another in purchase of supplies, and put a stop to Government agencies which

erment, in defence of its own interests, has by means of special agents in the United States started an active campaign to pull the masks from the faces of these companies.

Secretary Calles is said to have referred to the complaints of oil companies which have already acquired pipe lines, roads and terminals causing hardships for smaller companies.

Additional Federal troops have been sent to the region of Tampico by the Mexican Government for the purpose of "giving guarantees to nationals and foreigners." This action was taken, although the forces regularly maintain arms and munitions where there is a serious situation arising because of unemployment, are deemed sufficient to deal with any emergency, a statement issued by Fernando Forrellana, private secretary to President Obregon.

**H. R. C. WATSON LEFT
\$160,000 FOR PUBLIC USE**

**New York Institutions Get
Bequests.**

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
Rutland, Vt., July 8.—Henry R. C. Watson, horse fancier and owner of a large stock farm at Brandon, Vt., who died in Paris a few weeks ago, made public bequests of about \$160,000 in his will, which was probated here to-day.

All but \$20,000 of this goes to New York City institutions. One of the executors is the Irving National Bank of New York. The largest public bequest is \$67,500 to the New York Protestant Episcopal Missionary Society. It gives \$21,250 to the Roosevelt Hospital for general corporate use and an additional \$5,000 to found the Henry R. C. Watson free memorial bed.

St. Luke's Hospital receives \$23,250 for current uses and \$7,500 for a memorial bed. The Chapel of the Incarnation in New York receives a bequest of \$5,000. The Episcopal Church in New York City receives \$5,000 and the Free Library \$2,000.

J. Leon Cazenave, his valet for twenty years, is to receive \$6,000 a year, the income of \$13,000 which the executor is to invest for him, and a house.

Sums ranging from \$5,000 to \$20,000 are bequeathed to various nephews and nieces. His godson, George E. Watson of New York, gets the residue of the estate.

**ROCKEFELLER BOARD
MAKES GIFT TO CZECHS**

**Part of Plan for Institute of
Public Hygiene.**

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, July 8.—The Rockefeller Foundation, it is officially announced, has given 27,000,000 crowns for the establishment in Czechoslovakia of a thoroughly modern institute of public hygiene.

Last Christmas the international health bureau of the Rockefeller Foundation announced that a co-operation programme in public health had been agreed upon with the Government of Czechoslovakia. It is believed unofficially that the gift just announced is part of the general plan then outlined.

This provides for lending to the Czechoslovak Government the services of an American competent in public health service, the establishment of a school of hygiene, the establishment of a Czech commission which visited the United States and England last year.

**OIL RIGHTS LEASED
IN NAVAL RESERVE**

**Successful Bidder Gives to
Navy 551-2 P. C. Production.**

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The Pan-American Petroleum Company to-day was awarded a lease by the Interior Department covering oil rights in naval reserve number 1, Kearns county, Cal.

The contract calls for the drilling of twenty-two wells, the successful bidder offering a royalty of 33 1/2 per cent of the production to the navy.

With the approval of the Interior Department the Pan-American Company will allow the United Midway Oil Company to take over after the expiration of the lease, which will be for a period of "adjustment" for certain claims the latter possessed in the district.

**EX-POLICEMAN SENT
TO PRISON FOR ROBBERY**

**Was Participant in Theft of
Goods From Train.**

HAMMONTON, N. J., July 8.—The sequel to a midnight battle with railroad thieves on a West Jersey and Seashore Railroad freight train two months ago came to-day when Judge Ingersoll sentenced Stanley McAllister, a former Branchtown police officer, to from one to seven years in State's prison. He pleaded guilty to robbing freight cars, George McAllister, a brother, was given a similar sentence. Joseph Dwyer, a member of the band, was given six months.

Nearly a hundred shots were fired when the train was stopped. The men saw goods thrown from the moving train and surrounded the men at the spot where the goods were thrown off.

**SEEKS NO REFLECTION
ON NATION'S INTEGRITY**

**Secretary Calles Dismisses
Idea of Danger to Peace.**

By the Associated Press.
Mexico City, July 8.—Official reassurances were given to-day in statements "the newspapers that the Tampico situation does not contain elements of danger to peaceful relations between the United States and Mexico.

It is no need to give further thought to the subject," Secretary Calles, the chief of Cabinet, said this morning. "The vessels (the United States warships at Tampico) belong to a friendly nation, and the United States has no interest in the activities of some portions of the American press against Mexico.

Secretary of the Interior Calles told Mexican newspapers that the United States Government was "prepared to unmask American oil producers," whom he charged with "scandalous actions" not only against the Mexican Government but against the United States as well.

Although the wording of the declaration varied in the newspapers, each printed the same sentiments. He was said to have referred to alleged attempts by American oil companies to defraud income taxes by dissolving the companies and transferring the assets to new subsidiaries. Continuing the Secretary said, according to the version printed by the Universal:

"Knowing the other systems used by the oil companies to hide the true status of their enterprises, the Mexican Gov-

ernment, in defence of its own interests, has by means of special agents in the United States started an active campaign to pull the masks from the faces of these companies."

Secretary Calles is said to have referred to the complaints of oil companies which have already acquired pipe lines, roads and terminals causing hardships for smaller companies.

Additional Federal troops have been sent to the region of Tampico by the Mexican Government for the purpose of "giving guarantees to nationals and foreigners." This action was taken, although the forces regularly maintain arms and munitions where there is a serious situation arising because of unemployment, are deemed sufficient to deal with any emergency, a statement issued by Fernando Forrellana, private secretary to President Obregon.

**H. R. C. WATSON LEFT
\$160,000 FOR PUBLIC USE**

**New York Institutions Get
Bequests.**

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
Rutland, Vt., July 8.—Henry R. C. Watson, horse fancier and owner of a large stock farm at Brandon, Vt., who died in Paris a few weeks ago, made public bequests of about \$160,000 in his will, which was probated here to-day.

All but \$20,000 of this goes to New York City institutions. One of the executors is the Irving National Bank of New York. The largest public bequest is \$67,500 to the New York Protestant Episcopal Missionary Society. It gives \$21,250 to the Roosevelt Hospital for general corporate use and an additional \$5,000 to found the Henry R. C. Watson free memorial bed.

St. Luke's Hospital receives \$23,250 for current uses and \$7,500 for a memorial bed. The Chapel of the Incarnation in New York receives a bequest of \$5,000. The Episcopal Church in New York City receives \$5,000 and the Free Library \$2,000.

J. Leon Cazenave, his valet for twenty years, is to receive \$6,000 a year, the income of \$13,000 which the executor is to invest for him, and a house.

Sums ranging from \$5,000 to \$20,000 are bequeathed to various nephews and nieces. His godson, George E. Watson of New York, gets the residue of the estate.

**ROCKEFELLER BOARD
MAKES GIFT TO CZECHS**

**Part of Plan for Institute of
Public Hygiene.**

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, July 8.—The Rockefeller Foundation, it is officially announced, has given 27,000,000 crowns for the establishment in Czechoslovakia of a thoroughly modern institute of public hygiene.

Last Christmas the international health bureau of the Rockefeller Foundation announced that a co-operation programme in public health had been agreed upon with the Government of Czechoslovakia. It is believed unofficially that the gift just announced is part of the general plan then outlined.

This provides for lending to the Czechoslovak Government the services of an American competent in public health service, the establishment of a school of hygiene, the establishment of a Czech commission which visited the United States and England last year.

**OIL RIGHTS LEASED
IN NAVAL RESERVE**

**Successful Bidder Gives to
Navy 551-2 P. C. Production.**

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The Pan-American Petroleum Company to-day was awarded a lease by the Interior Department covering oil rights in naval reserve number 1, Kearns county, Cal.

The contract calls for the drilling of twenty-two wells, the successful bidder offering a royalty of 33 1/2 per cent of the production to the navy.

With the approval of the Interior Department the Pan-American Company will allow the United Midway Oil Company to take over after the expiration of the lease, which will be for a period of "adjustment" for certain claims the latter possessed in the district.

**EX-POLICEMAN SENT
TO PRISON FOR ROBBERY**

**Was Participant in Theft of
Goods From Train.**

HAMMONTON, N. J., July 8.—The sequel to a midnight battle with railroad thieves on a West Jersey and Seashore Railroad freight train two months ago came to-day when Judge Ingersoll sentenced Stanley McAllister, a former Branchtown police officer, to from one to seven years in State's prison. He pleaded guilty to robbing freight cars, George McAllister, a brother, was given a similar sentence. Joseph Dwyer, a member of the band, was given six months.

Nearly a hundred shots were fired when the train was stopped. The men saw goods thrown from the moving train and surrounded the men at the spot where the goods were thrown off.

**SEEKS NO REFLECTION
ON NATION'S INTEGRITY**

**Secretary Calles Dismisses
Idea of Danger to Peace.**

By the Associated Press.
Mexico City, July 8.—Official reassurances were given to-day in statements "the newspapers that the Tampico situation does not contain elements of danger to peaceful relations between the United States and Mexico.

It is no need to give further thought to the subject," Secretary Calles, the chief of Cabinet, said this morning. "The vessels (the United States warships at Tampico) belong to a friendly nation, and the United States has no interest in the activities of some portions of the American press against Mexico.

Secretary of the Interior Calles told Mexican newspapers that the United States Government was "prepared to unmask American oil producers," whom he charged with "scandalous actions" not only against the Mexican Government but against the United States as well.

Although the wording of the declaration varied in the newspapers, each printed the same sentiments. He was said to have referred to alleged attempts by American oil companies to defraud income taxes by dissolving the companies and transferring the assets to new subsidiaries. Continuing the Secretary said, according to the version printed by the Universal:

"Knowing the other systems used by the oil companies to hide the true status of their enterprises, the Mexican Gov-

FORDNEY EXPLAINS TARIFF PROPOSES

Cardinal Principle Behind Bill
to Restore Industry to
Health.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
New York Herald Bureau,
Washington, D. C., July 8.

Senator Fordney, in explaining the tariff bill, said that it was a measure to restore industry to health. He said that the bill was a measure to restore industry to health. He said that the bill was a measure to restore industry to health.

**ADVERTISEMENTS
COMPROMISES**

**Asserts South Has Been Pro-
tected Equally With Rest
of Country.**

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The House got under way to-day in its consideration of the tariff bill. Fordney, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, after reading of the bill had been completed, in a speech of nearly an hour, said that the bill was a measure to restore industry to health. He said that the bill was a measure to restore industry to health.

In his speech, Mr. Fordney discussed his party's attitude, what it proposed to do to remedy conditions and to help business. He dwelt only briefly on details of the rates and provisions, touching them only incidentally, or in reply to questions, but announced that other speakers would explain specific schedules in the measure.

Criticizing the position of the Democrats, Mr. Fordney said they had accused the Republicans of protectionism. He said that the bill was a measure to restore industry to health. He said that the bill was a measure to restore industry to health.

The speaker made the statement that higher tariff rates did not necessarily mean higher living costs. Continuing, he declared that the Democrats had spread the word that the tariff bill was a measure to restore industry to health. He said that the bill was a measure to restore industry to health.

Reference to the tariff schedule, Mr. Fordney said, was not to be made. He said that the bill was a measure to restore industry to health. He said that the bill was a measure to restore industry to health.

Mr. Fordney declared Canada last year collected in import duties an amount equal to \$15.26 per capita, compared with \$2.15 in the United States under the Underwood law.

Regarding the American valuation system, the speaker declared the committee had found no other method by which exchange would be equalized and imports enter this country on something of a parity.

KIND TO DEMOCRATS.

"We have been kind to you," the chairman said, turning to the Democrats. "We have given you an opportunity to vote in or out on a duty on cotton. Unless you can vote for the bill don't vote for a duty on cotton or you will be criticized."

"We have protected every industry of the South on an equality with the industries of the North. Cotton is just as important an agricultural product as corn or wheat and is entitled to protection for the same reason."

With wheat down to \$12.25 a bushel, Mr. Fordney said, best grade flour, wholesale, in Washington was quoted at \$10.75 a barrel, adding that it meant there was something wrong with the market.

"But, remembering your seven million majority last November," asked Representative Garner, "what has the Republican party done to remedy such conditions?"

Whirling around on his heel, the chairman grabbed and held up the 346 page tariff bill.

"Good God, haven't you seen it?" Mr. Fordney shouted, and the House roared.

**FINISH TAX BILL AUG. 15,
MONDELL TO HARRIMAN**

**N. Y. Banker Protested Over
Delay Hurting Business.**

WASHINGTON, July 8.—In reply to a letter from J. P. Morgan of the Harriman National Bank of New York, saying that fully 50 per cent of the bank's depositors "are clamoring to know why Congress does not do something with regard to the reduction of taxes," Representative Mondell, Republican House leader, in a letter to-night said that Congress was making as rapid progress as could be expected and expressed the hope that the House would conclude its consideration of the tax bill "not later than the middle of August."

It is the inactivity of Congress the result of natural ineptitude or a feature of a deliberate reconstruction programme," Mr. Harriman asked. "There can be no improvement in the business world until the Federal Government is out of the way."

In his reply Mr. Mondell said tax legislation would be taken up immediately upon disposal of the tariff.

YACHTSMAN DROWNED.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
New London, Conn., July 8.—Beth Shepard, 33 years old, a lawyer of Washington, D. C., fell from a yacht and was drowned. The yacht was on the waters of the Mystic River at Noank and was a 40-foot motor launch.

Shepard was a son of a former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. He was a member of the United States Supreme Court and was a member of the United States Supreme Court.

TAKEN OFF TO WASHINGTON.

**To Discuss Duties of Chief Justice
With President.**

MONTREAL, July 8.—Proceedings to determine the duties of the Chief Justice of the United States were held to-day in the Grand Trunk Railway building. The Canadian Government, which has taken over the property, ended to-day after eight weeks of argument.

William H. Taft, a member of the arbitration board and newly appointed Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, will leave for Washington to-morrow to discuss his new duties with President Harding.

SENATOR WADSWORTH SAYS THAT LAW WILL INVITE MORE THEFT AND VIOLATION.

Other Members Join in Attack
on Bill to Restore Industry to
Health.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
New York Herald Bureau,
Washington, D. C., July 8.

Senator Wadsworth (N. Y.), Gerry (R. I.) and Broussard (La.) as "a further inroad upon personal liberty," as "an additional inducement to contempt of law" and as a "temptation to physicians and hospitals to disregard the statutes," the anti-bill bill nevertheless moved toward a final vote with an apparent overwhelming majority in its favor. The Senate, by 42 to 18, rejected the motion of Senator Sterling (S. D.) to consider the measure, after unanimous consent had been refused to debate it. Senators Moses (N. H.) and Broussard both objected.

The Senators who voted against taking it up were Brandegee, Calder, Cameron, Johnson (Cal.), Knox, La Follette, Moses, Shortridge, Wadsworth and Welles. The Republicans, and Broussard, Gerry, King, Pomeroy, Walsh and Watson, Democrats.

Much of the debate, which began with an explanation by Senator Sterling of the detailed provisions in the bill, centered around the question whether beer is or is not a proper subject for a physician's prescription. Many authorities were cited by Senators for and against.

Mr. Wadsworth said law violation also would be encouraged by the provision which exempts from taxation liquors stolen from the houses, and also criticized the limitations upon the amount of wine that can be imported.

Senators Moses and Gerry both said the bill in effect was a "landslide" of the reputable physicians of the country. Senator Sterling insisted that the bill had to be drastic or otherwise enforcement of prohibition would be impossible.

Debate will be renewed on the measure next week. The opposition realizes that the fight is practically hopeless, but will keep it up at least until their protest can be adequately registered.

**LIVINGSTON RESIGNED
FOR BUSINESS REASONS**

**Bureau Chief's Action Ex-
plained by Secretary Wallace.**

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
New York Herald Bureau,
Washington, D. C., July 8.

Secretary of Agriculture Wallace announced to-day that personal business considerations and not antagonism to the Administration programme for the reorganization of the executive departments prompted the resignation of George Livingston as Chief of the Bureau of Markets.

The stories that his resignation was asked for by Mr. Livingston a great injustice," Secretary Wallace declared. "In accepting Mr. Livingston's resignation I expressed the hope that he would so arrange his affairs as to remain with us for a time at least as a consulting specialist in marketing."

"For some time it has been known by Mr. Livingston's friends in the department that he had under consideration a number of attractive offers from business concerns."

**STATE ASKED TO CLASS
ICE CREAM AS NECESSITY**

**Boston Move Expected to Re-
duce Its Price.**

BOSTON, July 8.—A move to have ice cream made as a necessity with view to having current prices investigated was made to-day.

Representative Paul H. Hines filed a petition with the State Commission on the question of the ice cream industry, asserting that prices charged in this State were exorbitant. Initiation of a similar investigation in Chicago, he said, was followed almost immediately by a price cut of 50 per cent.

"With ice cream selling for \$1.46 cents a quart, ice cream sodas for twenty-two cents and cones for ten cents, it is time for the Legislature to go to work," said, pointing out that the principal ingredients of ice cream, milk, sugar and eggs, had all dropped in price.

**BLIND MAN 'FEELS'
THIEF AFTER HIS \$250**

**Grapples With Boy Intruder
Till Cop Comes.**

William Johnson, a blind man, with sixth sense of perception that the thief was in the room, was the first to detect the thief in his room on the top floor of 317 West Thirty-ninth street yesterday. He made a quick move toward the bed, where he had \$250 hidden, seized the intruder by the waist and called for help.

Detective James Finn of the West Thirtieth street station heard his cries and came on the run. He found Johnson struggling with a lad about 15 years old, whom he arrested. The youth said he was Joseph Biscardonia, a Porto Rican, living in the same house. He pleaded guilty in Children's Court and was committed to the Children's Society for investigation. He said he wanted the money to pay the rent.

36 LYNCHINGS IN SIX MONTHS.

**In Increase of 24 Over Same Period
In 1920.**

TURKOGEE, Ala., July 8.—There were thirty-six lynchings in the United States during the first six months of the year, twenty-four more than during the same period in 1920, according to a report issued to-day by the Department of Records and Research of Tuskegee Institute. Lynchings included two white men and thirty-four negroes.

By States the lynchings were divided: Mississippi, ten;